# Flash Report of Rába Rt. for 2002

Unaudited Consolidated Flash Report, IAS

# Key company data

RÁBA Automotive Group
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Automotive industry
Year 2002
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# Summary

The Rába Group completed its restructuring programme launched in 2001 in a period riddled with automotive industry recession and adverse macroeconomic conditions.

Its sales revenue and operating profit figures were **affected** by the following economic, market and operating factors in 2002.

- The remarkable (9.5%) weakening of the US dollar against the Hungarian forint relative to the average mean rate of exchange in the same period last year reduced both the sales revenue and the operating profit of the Rába Group by over HUF 2 bn.
- Defying more ambitious customer forecasts, deliveries made in late 2001 and Q1 2002 were sufficient to satisfy shrinking demand in the Iranian market. As a result, both sales revenue and gross profit dropped significantly.
- The shift in models and seat models implemented by Rába's largest domestic component customer led to a sales revenue and gross profit reduction of HUF 2,9 bn and HUF 600 million, respectively, in domestic and foreign orders.
- The divestiture of non-core businesses (foundry, fireplace and bus manufacturing) completed last year reduced sales revenue by HUF 4.2 bn.
- The restructuring programme launched at Rába Rt. in 2001 gained momentum in 2002.
  - Costs incurred by the reorganisation of business processes, headcount reduction and efficiency enhancement exceeded HUF 900 million in 2002.
  - The costs of market development and comprehensive customer service amounted to HUF 450 million in the same period.
  - In addition to the headcount reduction costs of nearly HUF 100 million reported in Q4 2002, Rába allocated provisions of HUF 626 million for layoffs to be implemented in 2003.
- Q4 saw the disposal and writing off of inventories and assets left behind by the divestiture programme completed in the past two years initially intended to be sold at a value of HUF 663 million.
- For the sake of conservative calculation, Rába allocated provisions of HUF 431 million for expected warranty obligations upon closing year 2002.

Results were improved by the operating profit and cash flow of over HUF 700 million realised by Rába selling intangible assets related to the Power Business in December 2002.

Profit after tax was **improved** by closed hedge transactions completed to offset the adverse impact of a weakening dollar (HUF 1.65 bn), the net profit gained from revaluing open hedge positions for 2003 and 2004 (HUF 921 million) and revenues from selling business shares. Adding up the impact of the above factors, Rába Group reported after tax losses close to HUF

#### 2.5 bn.

#### **Prospects**

Given the current political/market environment, and contracted customer orders, Q1 2003 is likely to see a sales revenue figure somewhat lower than in Q4 2002 in the Axle Business. This business is expected to be boosted by the economic upswing and new projects envisaged to start from the second half of 2003.

The impact of the weak dollar will be reflected also in the net profit of the Group, as open hedge positions were revalued based on the closing exchange rate of year-end 2002 in compliance with IAS requirements (IAS 39).

The Group will continue its restructuring and cost cutting programme in Q1 2003, but results are not expected to be reduced by further one-off items and write-offs in this period.

Consolidated figures in HUF million (IAS)	2002	2001
Net sales revenue	39,403	57,286
of which exports	24,983	34,605
of which domestic sales	14,420	22,681
Operating profit	-4,402	2,316
Profit before tax	-2,477	2,218
Profit after tax	-2,477	1,802

Financial ratios	2002	2001
EBIT (%)	-11.2	4.0
EBITDA (%)	-4.4	8.3
After-tax profit (%)	-6.3	3.1
Liquidity ratio (%)	121.7	122.1
Quick ratio (%)	6.9	5.0
ROA (%)	-6.0	3.7
ROE (%)	-11.2	6.8

Consolidated sales revenue amounted to HUF 39.4 bn in 2002, which marks a 31 percent reduction over 2001. Operating profit was HUF –4,402 million or –11.2 percent of the sales revenue in 2002. Operating profit for the reporting period includes profit from asset sales.

Operating profit	Q1 2002	Q2 2002	Q3 2002	Q4 2002	2002
Axle Business	452	-620	-475	-2 327	-2,970
Components Business	-271	-299	-106	-384	-1,060
Engine Business	-68	-109	-145	-139	-461
Vehicle Business	-165	-199	-60	-223	-647
Other	18	-101	-113	-183	-379
Result of operations	-34	-1,328	-899	-3,256	-5,517
Result of asset and real					
property sales	113	158	94	750	1115
Operating profit	79	-1170	-805	-2506	-4402

Net financial profit was reversed from loss to profit relative to the base year due to the combined impact of several factors, the most important being the profit realised on hedge transactions (HUF 1,655 million). Other factors included the profit from selling the Fireplace Business and other minor business shares (HUF 248 million) and dividends received (HUF 66 million). Financial revenue was largely increased by the net profit gained from revaluing open

hedge positions for 2003 and 2004 (HUF 921 million), but it was reduced by the net exchange rate loss realized on exchange holdings and forex loan repayment (HUF –187 million) and interest payment (HUF 832 million, net). Besides net financial profit (HUF 1,841 million altogether) profit before tax was also increased by dividends received from associated companies (HUF 85 million).

	Share	Ownership	Voting rate	Category <sup>1</sup>
Name	capital/registered	share (%)		
	capital in HUF			
	thousand			
RÁBA Futómű Kft.	9.762.800	100.00	100.00	L
(Axle Business)				
RÁBA Járműipári Alkatrészgyártó Kft.	300,000	100.00	100.00	L
(Components Business)				
Rába Jármű Kft.	835,100	100.00	100.00	L
(Vehicle Business)				
RÁBA Ipartechnika Szolgáltató Kft.	266,860	100.00	100.00	L
(Maintanence)				
RÁBA-Szolgáltatóház Kft.	615,000	100.00	100.00	L
(Service House)				
RÁBA Vagyonkezelő Kft.	11,000	100.00	100.00	L
(Asset Management)				
RÁBA Detroit Diesel Magyarország Kft.				
	51,000	50.00	50.00	K
BPW-RÁBA Futóműgyártó Kft.	1,780,000	25.00	25.00	Т

#### PK2. Companies in the consolidated group

<sup>1</sup>Fully owned (L); Jointly managed (K); Associated (T)

The Rába Group has several manufacturing and service providing subsidiaries, and some strategic investments retained even after the divestiture programme. To make the consolidated figures of 2001 and 2002 comparable, the following factors need to be observed:

1/ Rába Vagyonkezelő Kft. established in 2001 was added to the group of consolidated companies in 1 January 2002. As a result, the number of consolidated companies was higher at the end of 2002 than a year before.

2/ The figures of sold subsidiaries RÁBA-KÉSZ Kft. and Motor Kft. were included in consolidated results on a pro-rata basis until August 2002 and December 2002, respectively.

3/ Rába Mór Kft. and Rába Sárvár Kft. were merged with Rába Járműipari Alkatrészgyártó Kft. as of 30 September 2002.

		HUF	thousand
Item	2002	2001	Index
Domestic sales	14,420,416	22,680,539	63.6%
Export sales	24,982,679	34,605,388	72.2%
Sales revenue	39,403,095	57,285,927	68.8%
Direct cost of sales	23,141,739	31,650,455	73.1%
Gross profit	16,261,356	26,563,472	63.4%
Cost of sales	1,006,929	1,002,620	100.4%
General and administrative costs	23,889,476	24,414,342	97.9%
Other revenues	4,232,722	2,097,550	201.8%
Other expenses related to operations	20,663,683	23,319,412	88.6%
Operating profit before interest and taxes	-4,402,327	2,316,060	-190.1%
Net result of financial revenues and expenses	1,840,786	-354,224	620.1%
Profit from external companies	84,862	256,178	33.1%
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	-2,476,679	2,218,014	-111.6%
Corporate tax liability	529	415,575	0.1%
PROFIT AFTER TAX	-2,477,208	1,802,439	-137.4%
Payments due to minority shareholders	0	0	
RETAINED PROFIT	-2,477,208	1,802,439	-137.4%

#### PK. 4. CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT, IAS

#### I. <u>Analysis of profit and loss account items</u>

#### 1. SALES AND MARKET POSITION

#### 1.1. Sales revenue

Rába posted a total sales revenue of HUF 39,403 million in 2002: HUF 11,886 million, HUF 10,328 million, HUF 8,348 million and HUF 8,841 million in Q1, Q2, Q3 and Q4, respectively. Exports account for 63.4 percent of total sales revenue compared to 60.4 percent in 2001.

#### EXPORT:

**USA:** The United States is the Rába Group's largest export market. Following a drop in sales due to seasonal changes and the economic downturn, the market recovered but real upswing is expected only from the second half of 2003.

The volume of new, class-8 heavy trucks sold in the North American market increased by nearly 4.6 percent. Rába exports to this market grew in excess of 17 percent.

Note that sales revenue from strategic US customers increased at a rate beyond the above percentage figures.

Rába's customer oriented approach has improved the Company's market and sales position in the US markets for heavy trucks and special vehicle axles.

The **US market** generated a total sales revenue of USD 50.6 million in 2002, which marks a notable increase relative to USD 43.1 million in 2001.

**South America:** Rába sales demonstrated a significant decline in this market. Export value decreased by 61 percent from USD 9.3 million in 2001 to a modest USD 3.6 million in 2002.

The prolonged devaluation of the Brazilian national currency, the real, improved the competitive position of the Brazilian industry, and as a result one of Rába's major customers opted for inhouse axle production from 2002.

**Asia:** 2002 exports were slightly above USD 12.6 million which marks a 58 percent drop on a year-on-year basis. The Iranian, South Korean, Chinese and Japanese markets have a USD 9.7 million, USD 1.5 million, USD 0.7 million and USD 0.7 million share in total Asian sales, respectively. Large-scale bus axle deliveries to Iran are not expected to be renewed in the first half of 2003 either.

**Europe:** Rába sales decreased by over 24 percent to USD 29.2 million relative to the base year in European markets.

The Axle, Components and Engine Businesses contributed USD 14. 8 million, USD 12 million and USD 2.4 million to the total, respectively.

*In the Western and South European market* sales declined from USD 27.3 million to USD 18.8 million. Axles and automotive components had a 36 percent and 64 percent share in the total, respectively.

Reasons for the drop in sales in Western Europe:

- Figures of the Components Business no longer include the sales of the divested Fireplace Business amounting to USD 3.9 million on a pro-rata basis.
- The seat model shift implemented by one of Rába's largest Hungarian component customers reduced seat component deliveries to Lear Co. by USD 4.8 bn.
- Front axle deliveries to Volvo were terminated, which marks a lost sales revenue of USD 2 million on an annual basis.

*In Eastern and Central European markets* Rába posted a total export sales revenue of 10.5 million which marks a 6 percent increase over the USD 11.2 million reported in 2001. Axle sales contributed USD 8.2 million to this amount (up from USD 8.1 million in 2001), while engine/engine spare part deliveries accounted for USD 2.3 million.

**Group-level domestic sales revenue** declined from HUF 22,625 million in 2001 to HUF 14,420 million in 2002.

The majority (56.7 percent) of this amount came from the Components Business, the Axle Business (axle and axle parts delivered to Ikarusbus and PBW Rába Kft.) accounted for 24.9 percent, while self-carrying bus chasses sold in the first half of 2002 and engine sales had a 3.9 percent and 10 percent share in the total, respectively.

The two main reasons behind the drop in sales revenue:

- The largest Hungarian component customer of Rába Group launched a model and seat model shift project to be implemented in 2002 and 2003. The value of Rába deliveries to this key customer decreased by about HUF 1.67 bn in 2002.
- At the end of 2001, the management of Rába Rt. decided to discontinue loss-making bus assembly activities and sold Kispesti Öntöde as part of its divestiture programme. These moves resulted in a lost sales revenue of HUF 4.2 bn relative to 2001.

#### 1.2. Sales by business

Based on Rába Rt.'s performance measurement results, the Axle and Components Businesses are the highest-performing units of the Company. Other units evaluated include the Vehicle, Engine and Other Businesses. The below table shows sales revenue figures and ratios by business in 2001 and 2002:

	2002	Ratio	2001	Ratio
Sales revenue by business	(HUF million)	(%)	(HUF million)	(%)
Axle Business	25,267	51.5	32,973	48.3
Components Business*	12,425	25.4	17,395	25.5
Vehicle Business**	932	1.9	4,449	6.5
Engine Business	2,188	4.5	4,249	6.2
Other Business	8,193	16.7	9,201	13.5
Total non-consolidated sales				
revenue	49,005	100.0	68,267	100.0

\* The 2001 sales revenue of the Components Business includes the figures of Rába Mór Kft, Rába Sárvár Kft, the Fireplace Business and Kispesti Öntöde (Kispest Foundry).

The 2002 sales revenue of the Components Business includes the figures of Rába Mór Kft., Rába Sárvár Kft. and Győri Alkatrészgyártó Kft.

\*\*The 2001 sales revenue of the Vehicle Business includes the figures of the subsidiary transformed into Győri Alkatrészgyártó Kft. in December 2001.

#### 2. <u>COSTS AND OTHER REVENUE</u>

# 2.1. Direct costs

The direct costs of Rába decreased to a lesser degree than its revenues. The drop in revenue attributable to the weakening dollar and customer discounts from Q2 led to an increase in direct costs.

The introduction of a new consolidation method more suited to the changed holding structure – as indicated in Q4 2001 – resulted in different cost adjustments for the two years, which generated a HUF 781 million increment in direct costs between 2001 and 2002. The direct cost increase calculated for accounting purposes was 3.5 percentage points.

Rába launched a project to more accurately identify its direct costs related to manufacturing. As a first step under this project, Rába accounted the costs of manufacturing waste and those of production lead-up time as a direct cost item rather than as indirect cost.

# 2.2. Gross profit

Gross profit decreased from HUF 25,636 million to HUF 16,261 million due to the combined effect of shrinking sales revenue (HUF –8,004 million), rising costs (HUF –590 million) and the above mentioned newly introduced consolidation method (HUF –781 million).

#### 2.3. Sales costs

Sales costs virtually remained intact: they amounted to HUF 1,007 million and HUF 1,002 million in 2002 and 2001, respectively. Rába's sales costs include the costs of packaging and logistics, operating costs of customer service units and foreign representative offices, and various costs related to customer relationship management. The remarkable difference between Q1 and Q2/Q3/Q4 sales costs (HUF 193 million, HUF 251 million, HUF 263 million and HUF 300 million, respectively) is due to massive market development efforts.

#### 2.4. General and administrative costs

Rába's general and administrative costs include administration costs (2002: HUF 7,256 million; 2001: HUF 8,944 million), other general costs (2002: HUF 10,903 million; 2001: HUF 12,690 million), and various expenses not related ordinary business activities (2002: HUF 5,730 million; 2001: HUF 2,780 million). The total reduction in indirect costs was insignificant: 2.1 percent. Costs related to ordinary business activities decreased to a much higher extent (16.1 percent) than other cost items of which the new consolidation method accounts for only 4 percent – the outstanding share represents actual cost savings. Costs not related to ordinary business activities for 2002 include a nearly HUF 1.5 bn technical item incurred by the establishment of a uniform Components Business. This line includes also provisions and accrued costs related to headcount reduction and warranty obligations envisaged for 2003, as well as disposal, devaluation and loss of value for invested assets, inventories and accounts receivable.

When evaluating the reduction in costs related to ordinary business activities please note that this item includes accounted depreciation (which was HUF 2,651 million in 2002 compared to HUF 2.456 million a year before) and one-off disbursements related to headcount reduction (HUF 747 million).

#### 2.5. Other revenue

Other revenue amounted to HUF 4,233 million in 2002 which is 101.8 percent (HUF 2,135 million) higher than in 2001. The increase is due mostly to the fact that this amount includes HUF 1.3 bn other revenues not related to ordinary business activities incurred by the Components merger (technical item) and revenue gained from selling the Power Business.

# 3. OPERATING PROFIT (PROFIT BEFORE INTEREST AND TAXES)

Rába's profit before interest and taxes was HUF –4,402.3 million in 2002 (2001 figure: HUF 2,316 million). Savings in general costs (HUF 525 million) and the surplus in other revenue (HUF 2,135 million) were not enough to offset the drop in gross profit (HUF 9,374 million). Profitability declined from 4.0 percent in the base period to –11.2 percent. The impact of lower

profitability on EBITDA was smaller than that: -4.4/8.3 percent.

#### 4. FINANCIAL REVENUE

# 4.1. Net financial revenue

Rába had a net financial revenue of HUF 1,841 million in 2002 (2001 figure: HUF –354 million). Net financial revenue is the net result of interest received, dividends received from nonconsolidated (external) companies, other financial revenue, interest paid and other financial expenses. The below table includes the major components of net financial revenue:

	2002	2001
	(HUF million)	(HUF million)
Dividends received	66	70
Net interest	-832	-1,260
Other items, net	1,686	537
Non-realized net forex gain of hedge		
transactions	921	297
Net financial revenues	1,841	-354

Within net financial revenue, other items, net include revenue from selling business shares and forex gain/loss on foreign exchange items, the risk of which was reduced by hedge transactions. Hedge transactions had a net foreign exchange gain of HUF 1,655 million in 2002. Due to a change IAS requirements (IAS 39), the unrealised gain of these hedge transactions (HUF 921 million) was also entered into the line of net financial revenues. This HUF 921 million is the balance of the write-back of non-realised foreign exchange gain accounted in the previous period (HUF -297 million) and non-realised foreign exchange gain reported at the end of the year (HUF 1,218 million).

#### 4.2. Profit from external companies

Profit from external companies indicated in the IAS consolidated profit and loss account of Rába includes the share accruing to the parent company from the net profit of associated companies. It was HUF 85 million in 2002 (2001 figure: HUF 256 million). The drop can be attributed to the heavily reduced activity of RÁBA-DDC Kft. included in this group of companies.

#### 5. PRE-TAX AND NET PROFIT FIGURES

Profit before tax amounted to HUF –2,477 million in 2002 which is HUF 4,279 million less than in 2001 due to the combined effect of factors described in paragraphs 2.1 to 4.2. Pre-tax profitability corresponds to a ROS of –6.3 percent, compared to 3.1 percent in the base period.

As group-level tax liability is virtually zero, both consolidated profit after tax and net profit correspond to profit before tax.

# 6. IAS-HAS DIFFERENCES

Differences between the figures of Rába's profit and loss account based on Hungarian Accounting Standards (HAS) and International Accounting Standards (IAS) are due to the following factors:

- write-back of the previous year's upward valuation of cash, receivables and liabilities denominated in foreign currency;
- revaluation, as at the balance sheet date, of cash, receivables and liabilities denominated in foreign currency;
- off-setting of revenue from the sale and repurchase of own shares against equity;
- removal of loss in value for own shares from net financial revenue;
- inclusion of forex gain not realised due to the closing-date revaluation of open hedge positions in net financial revenue.

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#### PK. 3. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET PURSUANT TO IAS

			HUF thousand
Item	2002	2001	Index

Real property, machines and equipment	19,584,767	19,881,135	98.5%
Intangible assets	413,527	338,130	122.3%
Long-term participation	1,719,281	1,718,732	100.0%
Other participation	523,942	548,579	95.5%
Other investments	41,451	15,427	268.7%
Deferred taxes	387,454	387,454	100.0%
Total invested assets	22,670,422	22,889,457	99.0%
Securities	2,465	1,510	163.2%
Inventory	5,459,275	7,596,546	71.9%
Receivables due to taxation	1,417,245	1,790,963	79.1%
Receivables	11,002,968	15,764,481	69.8%
Cash, cash deposits	1,067,716	901,895	118.4%
Total current assets	18,949,669	26,055,395	72.7%
TOTAL ASSETS	41,620,091	48,944,852	85.0%
Share capital	12,687,766	12,687,766	100.0%
Capital reserve	6,463,899	6,463,899	100.0%
Retained profit	2,906,054	7,302,669	39.8%
Total capital and reserves	22,057,719	26,454,334	83.4%
Long-term liabilities	3,987,001	1,145,024	348.2%
Total long-term liabilities	3,987,001	1,145,024	348.2%
Short-term loans and credits	8,383,669	13,095,089	64.0%
Short-term liabilities	7,191,702	8,250,405	87.2%
Total short-term liabilities			
	15,575,371	21,345,494	73.0%
TOTAL LIABILITIES (equity plus liabilities)	41,620,091	48,944,852	85.0%

#### II. Analysis of key balance sheet items and their changes

#### 1. INVESTED ASSETS

# 1.1. Real property, machines and equipment

Real property, machines and equipment accounted for a dominant share (86.4 percent) of the Group's invested assets in 2002. (As of 31 December 2001 their ratio was 86.9 percent.) Their consolidated net value dropped from a closing balance of HUF 19,881 million in 2001 to HUF 19,584 million. This decline was due to removal of items under Rába's divestiture programme (sale of subsidiaries) and real property sales.

Real property contributes more than half of this group of assets (56.6 percent on 31 December 2002 and 56.4 percent on 31 December 2001). Despite the accounting of large-scale real property sales and depreciation, their net value decreased by only HUF 32 million, while their share slightly increased. This is due to major refurbishment projects implemented by Rába on real properties in 2002.

The total net value of machines and equipment and work in progress falls short of the previous year's figure by HUF 30 million, while reduction due to changes in the consolidated group of companies amounts to HUF 602 million. The value of completed (capitalised) investments was HUF 3.0 bn (while accrued depreciation totalled HUF 2.6 bn).

# 1.2. Intangible assets

Rába's intangible assets include licences, the capitalised value of research, the capitalised value of company establishment and restructuring and negative goodwill. The net value of intangible assets was HUF 414 million, which marks a HUF 76 million increase over the base period.

#### 1.3. Long-term participation

This line includes the parent company's share in associated companies. Its value amounted to HUF 1,719 million as at 31 December 2002.

# 1.4. Other participation

Other participation includes non-consolidated subsidiaries and ownership shares in other companies below 25 percent. Their closing value as at 31 December 2002 was HUF 523.9 million (figure as at 31 December 2001: HUF 548.6 million). The increment includes the book value of a newly established non-consolidated subsidiary (Mérnöki Kft: HUF 3 million) and that of other participations, the impact of revaluing participations denominated in foreign currency as at the balance sheet date, and the effect of selling or consolidating (Vagyonkezelő Kft.: HUF 11 million) participations in the period between the two reporting dates.

# 1.5. Other investments

The closing value of other investments was HUF 41 million, 168.7 percent higher than in the previous year. The increment was generated by the long-term investment of liquid financial assets.

# 1.6. Deferred taxes

Tax receivable related to consolidation adjustments originating mainly from the upward valuation of real property, machines and equipment contributed in kind and to a lesser degree from the exclusion of interim results which will be offset in the years following the in-kind contribution by the accounted higher depreciation and by the selling of balance sheet-date Group inventories in the next reporting period. Deferred taxes totalled HUF 387 million on 31 December 2002 – the same as on 31 December 2001. (The share pertaining to this period from the difference in the revaluation of in-kind contributions and tax related to the revaluation of Group inventories were not accounted because they would have created a negative tax liability.)

# 2. CURRENT ASSETS

# 2.1. Inventories

The closing value of inventories was HUF 5,459 million as at 31 December 2002 (31 December 2001: HUF 7,597 million). The decline observed between the two reporting dates is due to the sale of inventories unnecessary for Rába's operation, the introduction of advanced inventory management methods and depreciation of idle inventories. The ratio of self-produced versus purchased inventories was 49.2 percent and 50.8 percent, respectively.

# 2.2. <u>Receivables due to taxation</u>

Most of the receivables due to taxation (HUF 1,417 million) were incurred by the tax rebate related to export sales.

# 2.3. <u>Receivables</u>

The closing value of receivables was HUF 11,003 million in December 2002 which marks a 30 percent reduction relative to the base period (HUF 15,764 million). Major reasons for the change in receivables:

- HUF 921 million net generated by the revaluation of hedge transactions;
- increase in advances for investment projects launched at the end of the year (HUF 1,032 million);
- drop in accounts receivable due partly to lower revenues and partly to reduced collection times (HUF 5,750 million).

# 2.4. Cash and cash deposits

The closing value of cash and cash deposits was 1,067.7 million on 31 December 2002 (31 December 2001: HUF 902 million).

#### 3. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

# 3.1. Share capital

The share capital of Rába Rt. is made up of ordinary shares with a face value of HUF 1,000 which entitle their holders to receive dividends announced at regular intervals and cast one vote per share at Rába's General Meetings. The company's share capital amounted to HUF 12,688 million on 31 December 2002 – the same as a year before.

# 3.2. Capital reserve

Rába had a capital reserve of HUF 6,464 million on 31 December 2002.

#### 3.3. Retained profit

Retained profit decreased from HUF 7,303 million to HUF 2,906 million from 2001 to 2002 due to the following reasons:

- dividend for external owners (HUF 1.9 bn),
- losses for the period under survey (HUF 2.5 bn).

#### 4. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The closing value of long-term liabilities increased from HUF 1,145 million in 2001 to HUF 3,987 million by 31 December 2002 due to efforts to internally restructure the Group's loan portfolio. Long-term liabilities include credits and loans for development purposes (expressed in HUF million):

	Parent company	Subsidiaries
Investment and development loans	136	512
Other long-term loans		3,327
Long-term credits	12	

#### 5. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES

# 5.1. Short-term loans and credits

The 36 percent decline in the amount of short-term loans and credits (from HUF 13,095 million in 2001 to HUF 8,384 million in 2002) is attributable partly to the restructuring referred to in paragraph 4, and partly to the improved collection of accounts receivable.

#### 5.2. Short-term liabilities

The amount of short-term liabilities declined from HUF 8,250 million in 2001 to HUF 7,191 million in 2001 due to reductions in accounts payable and other short-term liabilities.

# PK 5. CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR 2002

Cash flow from ordinary business activities	2001	HUF thousand 2002
Profit before tax	769,597	-2,476,679
Revenues and expenses not influencing the cash flow from	100,001	2,110,010
ordinary business activities	1,081,299	2,085,445
Change in assets and liabilities related to ordinary		
business activities	-685,289	6,213,799
Tax paid in the reporting year	-371,936	-529
	793,671	5,822,036
Cash flow from financial transactions		
Sale of own shares	2,658,582	1,514,057
Purchase of own shares	-2,633,150	-1,456,427
Net decrease/ (increase) of securities	-181,177	-955
Net increase/ (decrease) of loans and credits	1,926,435	-1,869,443
Dividends paid	-1,980,298	-1,977,037
	-209,608	-3,789,805
Cash flow from investment activities		
Revenue from the sale of invested assets	775,082	1,185,574
Purchase of invested assets	-1,000,297	-3,051,984
	-225,215	-1,866,410
Cash flow	358,848	165,821
Revenues and expenses not influencing the cash flow from ordinary business activities		
Depreciation	1,838,170	2,650,885
Loss (gain) from the sale of invested assets	-759,971	-565,440
Write-off of invested assets	3,100	0
	1,081,299	2,085,445
Change in assets and liabilities related to ordinary		
business activities		
Decrease / (increase) in inventories	491,547	2,131,271
Changes in receivables/liabilities	-1,176,836	4,076,528
	-685,289	6,213,799

# PK6. Major off-balance sheet items

Item	Value (HUF)	
According to separate listing*		
* Ferning and such as a firm and the model to be deep such as a related visite of superturbations and a		

Forward exchange transactions performed to hedge exchange rate related risks of export sales: sale of EUR 75 million against HUF, purchase of EUR 59 million against USD.

#### III. KEY FACTORS AND MAJOR CHANGES

#### RS1. Ownership structure with ratio of participation

Type of shareholder		Total sha	re capit	al	Series for public offering <sup>1</sup>				
		Start of period (1 October)		End of period (31 December)		Start of period		End of period	
	%	No. of shares	%	No. of shares	%	No.	%	No.	
Domestic institutional investors/companies	30.69	3,895,777	30.75	3,903,207					
Foreign institutional investors/companies	26.45	3,357,282	26.06	3,307,282					
Foreign private investors	0.12	15,138	0.12	15,138					
Domestic private investors	17.22	2,185,143	17.55	2,227,893					
Own shares		781,460		781,460					
State	13.99	1,776,200	13.99	1,776,200					
International development institutions	11.52								
Other									
TOTAL	100.00	13,473,446	100.00	13,473,446					

# RS3. <u>Shareholders with a business share exceeding 5% in the Company (at the end of the period)</u>

Name	Domestic/ Foreign	Profile	No. of shares held	Participation (%)	Remarks
Municipality of Győr	D	State	1,508,850	11.20	
EBRD	F	Development	1,462,446	10.85	
DRB Hicom Group	F	Company	1,462,446	10.85	
Wallis Rt.	D	Company	1,162,446	8.63	
Own shares	D	Company	781,460	5.80	

#### RS2. Changes in the amount of treasury stock (number of shares) in the reporting year

1 January	31 March	30 June	30 September	31 December
1,175,184	1,175,184	665,184	781,460	781,460

All repurchased shares are own shares directly held by the parent company.

#### TSZ2. Changes in the number of full time employees

Company <u>Gro</u>	<u>up</u>	
End of base period	Start of reporting period	End of reporting period
5,668	5,668	4,445

Rába had a consolidated closing headcount of 4,445 people on 31 December 2002, which marks a 21.6 headcount reduction over the base period. This decrease includes also headcount reduction due to the sale of Kandalló Kft., Rábakész Kft., Motor Kft. and the Power Business effected in 2002.

<b>Body</b> <sup>1</sup>	Name	Position	Start of	End of	No. of shares
			employment	mandate	held in the
			/mandate		company
IT	Péter Jancsó	BD chairman	1998		0
IT	Abbas Mehad	BD member	1998		0
IT	Merrick W. Taylor	BD member	1998		0
IT	Antal Apró	BD member	1998		0
IT	József Szabó	BD member	2000		414
FB	József Patonai	SB chairman	1996		0
FB	András Geszti	SB member	2000		0
FB	Dr. Imre Czinege	SB member	2000		0
SP	László Steiner	CEO	2001		2000
SP	Gyula Kugler	Deputy CEO	2000	2003	414
SP	István Pintér	Deputy CEO	2000		414
SP	Péter Lengyel	CFO	2001	2002	0
SP	Ferenc Vissi	HR Director	2001		0
SP	Dr. János Megyeri	Technical and Sales Director	2001	2002	0
SP	Sándor Kocsis	TQM Manager	2001		0
SP	László Csuport	Managing Director	2001	2002.	0
SP	Ernő Udvardi	Managing Director	2002	2002.	0
SP	Dr. Béla Fekecs	Managing Director	2002		0
SP	Dr. János Megyeri	Managing Director	2002		0
SP	Péter Lengyel	CFO	2002		0
SP	Csaba Kovács	Managing Director	2002		0
SP	Dr. Jenő Surányi	Managing Director	2002		0

#### TSZ3. Senior management and strategically important employees

#### **Employee-related changes**

The Board of Directors of Rába Rt. appointed László Steiner to CEO effective from 1 May 2001.

Following the retirement of Mihály Horváth, Mr. Steiner appointed Péter Lengyel to Chief Financial Officer effective from 15 May 2001.

Under the restructuring project of the Components Business, Rába Mór Kft. was managed by József Szabó, Managing Director of Rába Sárvár Kft., between February 2001 and 15 April 2002, and then this duty was assigned to Dr. János Megyeri. Managing Director positions in Mór and Sárvár were terminated by the completed merger.

Under the restructuring project of Rába Jármű Kft., László Csuport was assigned with management duties between February 2001 and 28 February 2002. Effective from 1 March 2002, Ernő Udvardi was appointed to Managing Director to be replaced by Csaba Kovács from 1 September 2002.

Effective from 1 September 2001, Ferenc Vissi and Dr. János Megyeri were appointed to HR Director and Technical, Sales and QM Director of Rába Rt., respectively.

Effective from 1 February 2002, Dr. Jenő Surányi replaced László Veress as Managing Director of Rába Szolgáltatóház Kft.

Effective from 1 April 2002, Dr. Béla Zoltán Fekecs replaced Gyula Kugler as Managing Director of Futómű Kft. Since that date Gyula Kugler has been working exclusively in the capacity of Deputy CEO responsible for managing manufacturing subsidiaries.

Rába Rt. replaced its traditional internal supervisory system with a team of internal auditors headed by Csaba Hatvani since April 2002.

Date	Published	Subject, summary	
	in		
8/1/2002	MATÖKE	Announcement by Rába Rt. on its property development	
	Issue 5	project	
25/1/2002	MATÖKE		
	Issue 18	Staff changes at Rába Futómű Kft. (Dr. Károly Szőcs)	
8/2/2002	MATÖKE		
	Issue 28	Rába Rt.'s Flash Report for 2001	
7/3/2002	MATÖKE		
	Issue 47	Rába Rt.'s sale of Rába Kandallógyártó Kft.	
22/3/2002	MATÖKE	Invitation to the Annual General Meeting of Rába Járműipari	
	Issue 57	Holding Rt.	
4/4/2002	MATÖKE	Staff changes at the Rába Group	
	Issue 65		
8/4/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt.'s disclosure on information disseminated by the	
	Issue 67	media	
9/4/2002	MATÖKE	Amendment to Rába Járműipari Holding Rt.'s AGM	
	Issue 68	Announcement	
26/4/2002	MATÖKE	Resolutions passed by the AGM of Rába Rt. (April 24)	
	Issue 81		
30/4/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt.'s Annual Report for 2001	
	Issue 83		
2/5/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt.'s treasury stock transaction	
	Issue 84		
6/5/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt.'s disclosure on business procedures bearing an	
	Issue 86	impact on the Company's profits in the current year	
14/5/2002	MATÖKE	Sale of ordinary shares by Rába Menedzsment Befektetési	
	Issue 92	Kft.	
15/5/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Járműipari Holding Rt.'s Flash Report for Q1 2002	
	Issue 93		
21/5/2002	MATÖKE	Dividend payment of Rába Járműipari Holding Rt.	
	Issue 96		
29/5/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt.'s treasury stock transaction	
	Issue 102	···· , ···· , ···· , ····	
5/7/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt. signs cooperation agreement with the Engel group	
	Issue 129		
16/7/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt. reports on the events of 12 July:	
	Issue 136	trading of Rába shares was suspended due to the	
		announcement of the results of the MoD vehicle upgrade	
		program (Special communication)	
31/7/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt. performs capital reduction (pursuant to AGM	
	Issue 147	resolution) (Special communication)	
13/8/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt.'s Flash Report for the 1st half of 2002	
	Issue 156		
3/12/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt. sells Engine Business	
	Issue 232	-	
9/12/2002	MATÖKE	Rába Rt. announces preliminary results for 2002 and plans for	
	Issue 236	2003	

#### ST1. Special announcements published during the reporting period

#### <u>Other</u>

The Annual General Meeting (AGM) of Rába Rt. held on 24 April 2002 decided to pay a gross dividend of HUF 100 per share for 2001. The payment of dividends commenced on 4 June 2002.

The AGM selected Deloitte & Touche Könyvvizsgáló és Tanácsadó Kft. (1051 Budapest, Nádor u. 21) as the Company's auditor. In compliance with the Articles of Association, the auditor is selected for a period of one year: its mandate expires on the day of the AGM following fiscal year 2002.

The AGM of 24 April 2002 decided to withdraw 393 724 own shares to carry out a capital reduction.

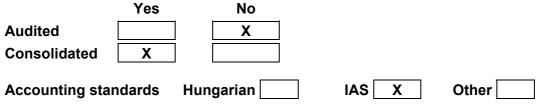
On 13 May 2002 Rába Menedzsment Kft. sold all of its 619,690 Rába ordinary shares on the stock exchange except for 3,000 shares.

#### Events subsequent to the balance sheet date

Based on its bid submitted to the tender invited by the Ministry of Defence for the supply of military vehicles, Rába Járműgyártó Kft. was selected as the strategic supplier of military offroad vehicles to the Hungarian Army. Rába expects to deliver about 8,000 vehicles during the 15-year term of the contract.

Deputy CEO Gyula Kugler was retired. With his retirement the Deputy CEO position for managing operative tasks was terminated.

#### PK1. General information on financial data



# Miscellaneous: .....

With respect to this Flash Report please note that

• figures for 2002 have not been audited. They have been compiled based on the available data to the management's best knowledge.

• Rába has complied its Annual Report (Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account) pursuant to International Accounting Standards (IAS).

• Rába has effected no significant chances in the accounting policies of Group companies. The changes approved by the Board of Directors have no impact on authenticity and comparability. The accounting policies of newly consolidated companies are in line with those of other Group members.

Győr, 13 February 2003

László Steiner CEO Péter Lengyel CFO